shipments from Puerto Rico to the U.S., the complete manifest (when required) and all required Shipper's Export Declarations shall be filed not later than the seventh business day after departure from Puerto Rico.

- (3) Shipments to U.S. possessions. For shipments between the U.S. or Puerto Rico and possessions of the U.S., a complete manifest and all required Shipper's Export Declarations shall be filed by the airline not later than the seventh business day after departure. See §122.79.
- (d) Declaration required. A declaration shall be made on the incomplete manifest that:
- (1) All required documents will be filed within the 4-day bond period; or
- (2) All required documents will be filed within the 7-day bond period.

Once all documents have been filed, a statement as required by §122.75(b) shall be made.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.}\ 88-12,\ 53\ \mathrm{FR}\ 9292,\ \mathrm{Mar.}\ 22,\ 1988,\ \mathrm{as}$  amended by T.D. 93-61, 58 FR 41425, Aug. 4, 1993]

## § 122.75 Complete manifest.

- (a) Contents. A complete air cargo manifest shall list all cargo laden, and show for each item the air waybill number, or marks and numbers on packages and the type of goods carried. If an item does not require a Shipper's Export Declaration, it shall be noted on the air cargo manifest.
- (1) Shipments on an air waybill. A copy of each air waybill on which shipments are listed may be attached to the air cargo manifest, and the number of the air waybill may be listed on the air cargo manifest. The statement "Cargo as per Air Waybill Attached" must appear on the air cargo manifest if this is done.
- (2) Direct departure. This subsection applies only to direct departures of shipments requiring a Shipper's Export Declaration. A copy of each declaration may be attached to the air cargo manifest, and the number of each declaration shall be listed on the air cargo manifest in the column for air waybill numbers. The statement "Cargo as per Export Declarations Attached" must appear on the manifest if this is done.
- (b) Statement required. (1) When all required documents are ready for filing,

the following statement must appear on the air cargo manifest, or on the general declaration form if an air cargo manifest is not required:

Attached Shipper's Export Declarations represent a full and complete enumeration and description of the cargo carried in this flight except that listed on the cargo manifest.

(2) If an incomplete set of documents has been filed and is later completed, the following statement shall accompany the Shipper's Export Declarations and any required air cargo manifests:

Attached Shipper's Export Declarations

represent a f	ull and complet	te enumeration
and description	on of the cargo	carried on air-
craft No	, Flight No.	cleared
direct for	, on	_ except cargo
	cargo manifest	
filed for such	flight.	
Airline		

Airline
Authorized Agent

## § 122.75a Electronic manifest requirement for passengers onboard commercial aircraft departing from the United States.

- (a) Definitions. The definitions set forth in §122.49a(a) also apply for purposes of this section.
- (b) Electronic departure manifest—(1) General—(i) Basic requirement. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an appropriate official of each commercial aircraft (carrier) departing from the United States en route to any port or place outside the United States must transmit to the Advance Passenger Information System (APIS: referred to in this section as the Customs and Border Protection (CBP) system), the electronic data interchange system approved by CBP for such transmissions, an electronic passenger departure manifest covering all passengers checked in for the flight. A passenger manifest must be transmitted separately from a crew member manifest required under §122.75b if transmission is in U.S. EDIFACT format. The passenger manifest must be transmitted to the CBP system at the place and time specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, in the manner set forth under paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section.

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(ii) Transmission of manifests. A carrier required to make passenger departure manifest transmissions to the CBP system under paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section must make the required transmissions covering all passengers checked in for the flight in accordance with either paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A), (B), (C), or (D) of this section, as follows:

(A) Non-interactive batch transmission option. A carrier that chooses not to transmit required passenger manifests by means of a CBP-certified interactive electronic transmission system under paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(B), (C), or (D) of this section must make batch manifest transmissions in accordance with this paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) by means of a non-interactive electronic transmission system approved by CBP. The carrier may make a single, complete batch manifest transmission containing the data required under paragraph (b)(3) of this section for all passengers checked in for the flight or two or more partial batch manifest transmissions, each containing the required data for the identified passengers and which together cover all passengers checked in for the flight. After receipt of the manifest information, the CBP system will perform an initial security vetting of the data and send to the carrier by a non-interactive transmission method a "not-cleared" instruction for passengers identified as requiring additional security analysis and a "selectee" instruction for passengers requiring secondary screening (e.g., additional examination of the person and/or his baggage) under applicable Transportation Security Administration (TSA) requirements. The carrier must designate as a "selectee" any passenger so identified during initial security vetting, in accordance with applicable TSA requirements. The carrier must not issue a boarding pass to, or load the baggage of, any passenger subject to the "not-cleared" instruction and must contact the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) to seek resolution of the "not-cleared" instruction by providing, if necessary, additional relevant information relative to the "not-cleared" passenger. TSA will notify the carrier if a "not-cleared" passenger is cleared for boarding or

downgraded to "selectee" status based on the additional security analysis.

(B) Interactive batch transmission option. A carrier, upon obtaining CBP certification, in accordance with paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(E) of this section, may make manifest transmissions by means of an interactive electronic transmission system configured for batch transmission of data and receipt from the CBP system of appropriate messages. A carrier operating under this paragraph must make manifest transmissions by transmitting a single, complete batch manifest containing the data required under paragraph (b)(3) of this section for all passengers checked in for the flight or two or more partial batch manifests, each containing the required data for the identified passengers and which together cover all passengers checked in for the flight. In the case of connecting passengers arriving at the connecting airport already in possession of boarding passes for a flight departing from the United States whose data have not been collected by the carrier, the carrier must transmit required manifest data for these passengers when they arrive at the gate, or some other suitable place designated by the carrier, for the flight. After receipt of the manifest information, the CBP system will perform an initial security vetting of the data and send to the carrier by interactive electronic transmission, as appropriate, a "cleared" instruction for passengers not matching against the watch list, a "not-cleared" instruction for passengers identified as requiring additional security analysis, and a "selectee" instruction for passengers who require secondary screening (e.g., additional examination of the person and/or his baggage) under applicable TSA requirements. The carrier must designate as a "selectee" any passenger so identified during initial security vetting, in accordance with applicable TSA requirements. The carrier must not issue a boarding pass to, or load the baggage of, any passenger subiect to a "not-cleared" instruction and, in the case of connecting passengers (as described in this paragraph), the carrier must not board or load the baggage of any such passenger until the CBP system returns a "cleared" or

"selectee" response for that passenger. Where a "selectee" instruction is received for a connecting passenger, the carrier must ensure that such passenger undergoes secondary screening before boarding. The carrier must seek resolution of a "not-cleared" instruction by contacting TSA and providing, if necessary, additional relevant information relative to the "not-cleared" passenger. Upon completion of the additional security analysis, TSA will notify the carrier if a "not-cleared" passenger is cleared for boarding or downgraded to "selectee" status based on the additional security analysis. No later than 30 minutes after the securing of the aircraft, the carrier must transmit to the CBP system a message reporting any passengers who checked in but were not onboard the flight. The message must identify the passengers by a unique identifier selected or devised by the carrier or by specific passenger data (name) and may contain the unique identifiers or data for all passengers onboard the flight or for only those passengers who checked in but were not onboard the flight.

(C) Interactive individual passenger information transmission option. A carrier, upon obtaining CBP certification, in accordance with paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(E) of this section, may make manifest transmissions by means of an interactive electronic transmission system configured for transmitting individual passenger data for each passenger and for receiving from the CBP system appropriate messages. A carrier operating under this paragraph must make such transmissions as individual passengers check in for the flight or, in the case of connecting passengers arriving at the connecting airport already in possession of boarding passes for a flight departing from the United States whose data have not been collected by the carrier, as these connecting passengers arrive at the gate, or some other suitable place designated by the carrier for the flight. With each transmission of manifest information by the carrier, the CBP system will perform an initial security vetting of the data and send to the carrier by interactive electronic transmission, as appropriate, "cleared" instruction for passengers not matching against the watch list, a

"not-cleared" instruction for passengers identified during initial security vetting as requiring additional security analysis, and a "selectee" instruction for passengers requiring secondary screening (e.g., additional examination of the person and/or his baggage) under applicable TSA requirements. The carrier must designate as a "selectee" any passenger so identified during initial security vetting, in accordance with applicable TSA requirements. The carrier must not issue a boarding pass to, or load the baggage of, any passenger subject to a "notcleared" instruction and, in the case of connecting passengers (as described in this paragraph), must not board or load the baggage of any such passenger until the CBP system returns a 'cleared'' or "selectee" response for that passenger. Where a "selectee" instruction is received for a connecting passenger, the carrier must ensure that such passenger undergoes secondary screening before boarding. The carrier must seek resolution of a "notcleared" instruction by contacting TSA and providing, if necessary, additional relevant information relative to the "not-cleared" passenger. Upon completion of the additional security analysis, TSA will notify the carrier if a "not-cleared" passenger is cleared for boarding or downgraded to "selectee" status based on the additional security analysis. No later than 30 minutes after the securing of the aircraft, the carrier must transmit to the CBP system a message reporting any passengers who checked in but were not onboard the flight. The message must identify the passengers by a unique identifier selected or devised by the carrier or by specific passenger data (name) and may contain the unique identifiers or data for all passengers onboard the flight or for only those passengers who checked in but were not onboard the flight.

(D) Combined use of interactive methods. If certified to do so, a carrier may make transmissions under both paragraphs (b)(1)(ii)(B) and (C) of this section for a particular flight or for different flights.

(E) Certification. Before making any required manifest transmissions under

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paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(B) or (C) of this section, a carrier must subject its electronic transmission system to CBP testing, and CBP must certify that the carrier's system is then presently capable of interactively communicating with the CBP system for effective transmission of manifest data and receipt of appropriate messages under those paragraphs.

- (2) Place and time for submission. The appropriate official specified in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section (carrier) must transmit the departure manifest or manifest data as required under paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section to the CBP system (CBP Data Center, CBP Headquarters), in accordance with the following:
- (i) For manifests transmitted under paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) and (B) of this section, no later than 30 minutes prior to the securing of the aircraft;
- (ii) For manifest information transmitted under paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(C) of this section, no later than the securing of the aircraft; and
- (iii) For an aircraft operating as an air ambulance in service of a medical emergency, no later than 30 minutes after departure.
- (3) Information required. The electronic passenger departure manifest required under paragraph (b)(1) of this section must contain the following information for all passengers, except that the information specified in paragraphs (b)(3)(iv), (ix), and (xi) of this section must be included on the manifest only on or after October 4, 2005:
- (i) Full name (last, first, and, if available, middle);
  - (ii) Date of birth;
  - (iii) Gender (F = female; M = male);
  - (iv) Citizenship;
  - (v) Status on board the aircraft;
- (vi) Travel document type (e.g., P = passport; A = alien registration card);
- (vii) Passport number, if a passport is required:
- (viii) Passport country of issuance, if a passport is required;
- (ix) Passport expiration date, if a passport is required;
- (x) Alien registration number, where applicable;
- (xi) Passenger Name Record locator, if available:

- (xii) International Air Transport Association (IATA) departure port code;
- (xiii) IATA code of port/place of final arrival (foreign port code);
- (xiv) Airline carrier code:
- (xv) Flight number; and
- (xvi) Date of aircraft departure.
- (c) Exception. The electronic passenger departure manifest specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section is not required for active duty military personnel traveling as passengers on board a departing Department of Defense commercial chartered aircraft.
- (d) Carrier responsibility for comparing information collected with travel document. The carrier collecting the information described in paragraph (b)(3) of this section is responsible for comparing the travel document presented by the passenger with the travel document information it is transmitting to CBP in accordance with this section in order to ensure that the information is correct, the document appears to be valid for travel purposes, and the passenger is the person to whom the travel document was issued.
- (e) Sharing of manifest information. Information contained in the passenger manifest required under this section that is received by CBP electronically may, upon request, be shared with other Federal agencies for the purpose of protecting national security. CBP may also share such information as otherwise authorized by law.

[CBP Dec. 05-12, 70 FR 17855, Apr. 7, 2005, as amended by CBP Dec. 07-64, 72 FR 48344, Aug. 23, 2007]

#### § 122.75b Electronic manifest requirement for crew members and noncrew members onboard commercial aircraft departing from the United States.

- (a) Definitions. The definitions set forth in §122.49a(a) also apply for purposes of this section, except that the definitions of "all-cargo flight," "carrier," "crew member," and "non-crew member" applicable to this section are found in §122.49b(a).
- (b) Electronic departure manifest—(1) General requirement. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an appropriate official of each commercial aircraft departing from the United States to any port or place outside the